

NO PEACE UNLESS DIAZ STEPS DOWN

Mexican Rebels Insist That President Must Resign.

MAKE PUBLIC THEIR TERMS

Dr. Gomez, Confidential Agent of Revolutionists, Tells Under What Conditions They Will Consent to Treat With Government—He Repudiates Elder Madero.

Washington, March 29.—Terms of peace acceptable to the revolutionary party in Mexico were announced to-day by the confidential agency in Washington.

Dr. Vasquez Gomez, confidential agent of the provisional government, at the same time declares that he is the only authorized medium of negotiation. He repudiates General Francisco Madero, Sr., father of the Provisional President and leader of the revolutionary army, as a spokesman of the revolution. The confidential agent does not represent any man or family, asserts Dr. Gomez, but the revolution is by party and by party. He is its accredited representative in matters of negotiation with foreign governments and with the Diaz government of Mexico, he insists.

The terms of peace, correcting alleged demands that have appeared in print as representing the views of the revolutionists, are set forth by Dr. Gomez as follows:

1. The resignation of General Diaz and Senor Corral as President and Vice President of the Mexican republic, and the assumption of the provisional presidency by the Minister of Foreign Affairs.
2. Public overtures for peace, negotiations to be conducted on neutral territory, preferably in Washington.
3. Guarantees of reform, assumed by the appointment of representatives of the revolutionary party to half the membership of the Cabinet, the resignation of the Diaz administration of the government of the States the institution of provisional government Governors.
4. The forces of the revolution to remain under arms and be considered as forces of the various states, according to the distribution of the revolutionary forces, and maintained as regular army.

First Step Diaz's Resignation.

In arranging for peace, according to the program as elaborated by Dr. Gomez, the first step would be the resignation of President Diaz and Vice President Corral. Then Foreign Minister de la Huerta, Premier by the authority of the Constitution, would be Provisional President.

In this capacity the temporary executive of the republic could name a Cabinet, of which at least half the membership would be composed of men affiliated with the revolutionary government. This would be followed by recall of Governors of the various states, creatures of Diaz, whose election was obtained by the revolutionary government.

Negotiations having been established for peace, the provisional government would present its candidates for the election of the States and the Legislatures of the States would proceed to elect them to office. Under the new government of the States the people would be free to elect deputies to the National and State Legislatures.

New Congress would be convened immediately after election and proceed to revise the election laws, so as to provide for the proper expression of the public will in the selection of the executive officers of the government.

The election of a new President of the republic would be proceeded with in compliance with the provisions of the new laws.

In the meanwhile the armed forces of the revolutionaries remain under arms. Their maintenance would be paid for by the State governments in the manner they were distributed.

On the nature of the new administration the President of the republic would dispose of the troops of the revolutionaries as executive of the nation with full power to direct his army and navy.

Has No Information.

"I have no information," declares Dr. Gomez, "from the provisional government relative to peace negotiations, and for that reason cannot say whether or not they have really been negotiated. But I do state most emphatically, however, that in case the provisional government should enter into such negotiations they will be conducted only through the confidential agency in Washington, and the Mexican government must make public announcement of its intention to treat, and that the negotiations will be held in neutral territory, preferably in Washington."

"I can give assurance that peace cannot be established in Mexico without the resignation of power by General Diaz and the Mexican people that if they do not submit and suffer in silence under the rule of their oppressors Mexico will be invaded immediately."

(Continued on Third Page.)

MURPHY LAUNCHES VIOLENT ATTACK

Denounces Stetson as That "Some Mysterious Power."

BLAMES HIM FOR PARTY DEADLOCK

Charges Him With Working With Frank H. Platt to Make Deal With Republican Machine and Elect His Own Man to United States Senate.

New York, March 29.—Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, came out to-night in a violent attack upon Francis Lynde Stetson, a New York lawyer, charging him with working openly with Frank H. Platt, son of former United States Senator Thomas C. Platt, in making a deal with the Republican machine to elect a man of his own selection for United States Senator.

He charged Stetson with being that "some mysterious power" which has been behind the insurgent movement at Albany and "which caused Mr. Sheehan to be assailed by every conceivable form of abuse."

"All efforts to discover the identity of the man really responsible for this action have been in vain," continues Mr. Murphy's statement, "until yesterday, when with brazen effrontery, characteristic of his entire career, Mr. Francis Lynde Stetson, a political Pharisee, stepped into the limelight and boldly assumed charge of the entire movement."

"Not content with his work in preventing the Democratic party from making a choice for Senator Mr. Stetson, now, working openly with Mr. Frank H. Platt, son of former Senator Platt, is engaged in making a deal with the Republican machine to elect a man of his own selection for United States Senator with the avowed purpose of destroying the Democratic party in the State and finishing his lifelong struggle to break Tammany Hall."

Represents "Interests."

"Calling to his aid all the disaffected Democrats in the State, and with the assistance of several New York papers, which have been trying for years to destroy the Democratic organization, this man's campaign has rung with the charge that Mr. Stetson, whom he has personally called a body of a man of high character and sterling integrity, was unfit to be chosen as United States Senator because he was the representative of the interests."

"Who is the Mr. Francis Lynde Stetson?" asks Mr. Murphy, and then he proceeds to ask if Mr. Stetson is not the same man who organized, as counsel, the steel trust, "the greatest piece of stock watering and stock jobbing in modern times, and which is just about to be investigated by the Congress of the United States." Is he the attorney at once for J. Pierpont Morgan and for Thomas F. Ryan? Is he the man who organized the Northern Securities Company, which the Supreme Court of the United States has ruled would not survive a criminal organization? Did he not organize the International Mercantile Marine, the shipping trust, the rubber trust, the harvester trust and other similar bodies?

"His line Mr. Murphy proceeds with his attack, listing a dozen corporations of which he declared Mr. Stetson was a director, and then adds: "This man is not alone the representative of the interests, he is the personification of the interests; as is one of the interests."

May Elect Herlick.

Albany, N. Y., March 29.—The third session of the re-convened Democratic senatorial caucus lasted to-night just long enough to permit Senator Cullen to move for an adjournment until 10:30 o'clock to-morrow morning. The expectation of many that an overnight agreement would be reached whereby the insurgents would be made to feel their way clear to a declaration of a body was not realized. None of the out-and-out insurgents attended.

One of the speakers to-night was Judge D. Cady Herlick, who was said to have figured on the list of ten suspected insurgents who would not pledge themselves to Herlick, but preferred John N. Kernan. There were persistent reports that overtures have been made to Kernan to elect him to the Senate unless the regulars accede to their proposals to-morrow.

An interesting factor in the situation appears to be a division among the Republicans regarding the expediency of helping the insurgents to name a man. This lack of Republican harmony is understood to have encouraged the regular Democrats to prosecute in the hope of an emergency arising, by which they can make a better bargain with the insurgents.

Various conferences were held to-night, but their results, if any, were not made public. Most significant of the statements made by the participants was that of Speaker Prisker, who asserted positively that a Senator would be chosen before April 4.

Resentment Justified.

New York, March 29.—When told of Mr. Murphy's attack upon him to-night, Mr. Stetson said:

"I don't care to have you read it to me. I am not at all interested in it. I don't care to have you say about me. Mr. Murphy is entitled to form and express any opinion of me he sees fit. I think he is largely justified in his resentment."

End Not So Near.

Albany, N. Y., March 29.—Charles F. Murphy's attack on Francis Lynde Stetson was variously interpreted, but most of those who read it agreed that it meant that negotiations between the two senatorial fight was not as near as recent developments forecast.

FLAMES ARE FED ON PRECIOUS FUEL

Priceless Documents Destroyed When New York's Capitol Burns.

MONEY LOSS ABOUT \$5,000,000

Fire Ravages Great Pile of Masonry Believed to Be Fireproof, Consuming Records Which Were Pride of State Library—Defective Wiring Blamed.

Albany, N. Y., March 29.—Five million dollars probably could repair the damage done by fire in the State Capitol to-day, but money cannot restore the historical records which were the pride of its State library. After examining the exterior walls with a transit, State Architect Ware declared to-night that the massive pile of granite was as plumb and true as ever. The flames licked up the State library, the Court of Claims, the assembly library and document rooms, most of the office of the excise department and the quarters of the Senate Finance Committee, and water and smoke took up the work that the flames laid down, and the damage from this cause extends, to every part of the building.

Although the fire started in the northwest corner of the building, it caused the greatest havoc in the southwest corner. Here the red tiled pointed cupola fell, carrying down part of the ceiling and a towering stone chimney. The fire started in the northwest corner of the building, it caused the greatest havoc in the southwest corner. Here the red tiled pointed cupola fell, carrying down part of the ceiling and a towering stone chimney. The fire started in the northwest corner of the building, it caused the greatest havoc in the southwest corner. Here the red tiled pointed cupola fell, carrying down part of the ceiling and a towering stone chimney.

The interior masonry was damaged to the extent of \$1,500,000, and the same sum will represent the loss on the contents of the State library.

Watchman in Alarm.

No trace had yet been found to-night of Samuel J. Abbott, the aged night watchman of the State library. In the ruling breeze what was once the beautiful cloud painted ceiling of the State library reading room, and the water kept pouring in from seven through the ceilings in nearly all parts of the west wing and cascaded down the stone stairs; but the fire was subdued and the work of repair had already begun.

A hundred national guardsmen stood guard in the deserted corridors to-night and fifty policemen patrolled the streets outside to protect the dismantled end of the building.

Next to the financial loss the chief danger of the fire will be inevitable delay in the business of State government. Although the State chamber stands practically untouched and a few thousand dollars can restore the place of the lower house to its former beauty, a week or longer may intervene before its legislative chambers proceed in its accustomed channels. There was talk to-night of a recess and only the constitutional requirement of taking a daily ballot until a majority of the members of the Senate is present here. Such a recess was expected if not a criminal organization, but the fire was subdued and the work of repair had already begun.

Completely destroyed.

The State architect's official description of the fire damage was as follows:

"It would appear that the entire State library, located on the third, fourth floors, including the northwest and southwest pavilions, are completely destroyed. This includes also the Court of Claims and some of the committee rooms of the Senate and Assembly. The ceiling of the Senate appears to be intact and apparently no damage, except slight water damage, occurred at this point. The western side of the assembly hall, including the ceiling, has suffered a slight fire damage and considerable water damage. Many departments on the first and second floors in the western portion of the Capitol have suffered more from water damage than from actual fire. On account of the dangerous condition of some of the interior walls and dormers throughout the western section, it would be inadvisable to use the offices immediately thereunder."

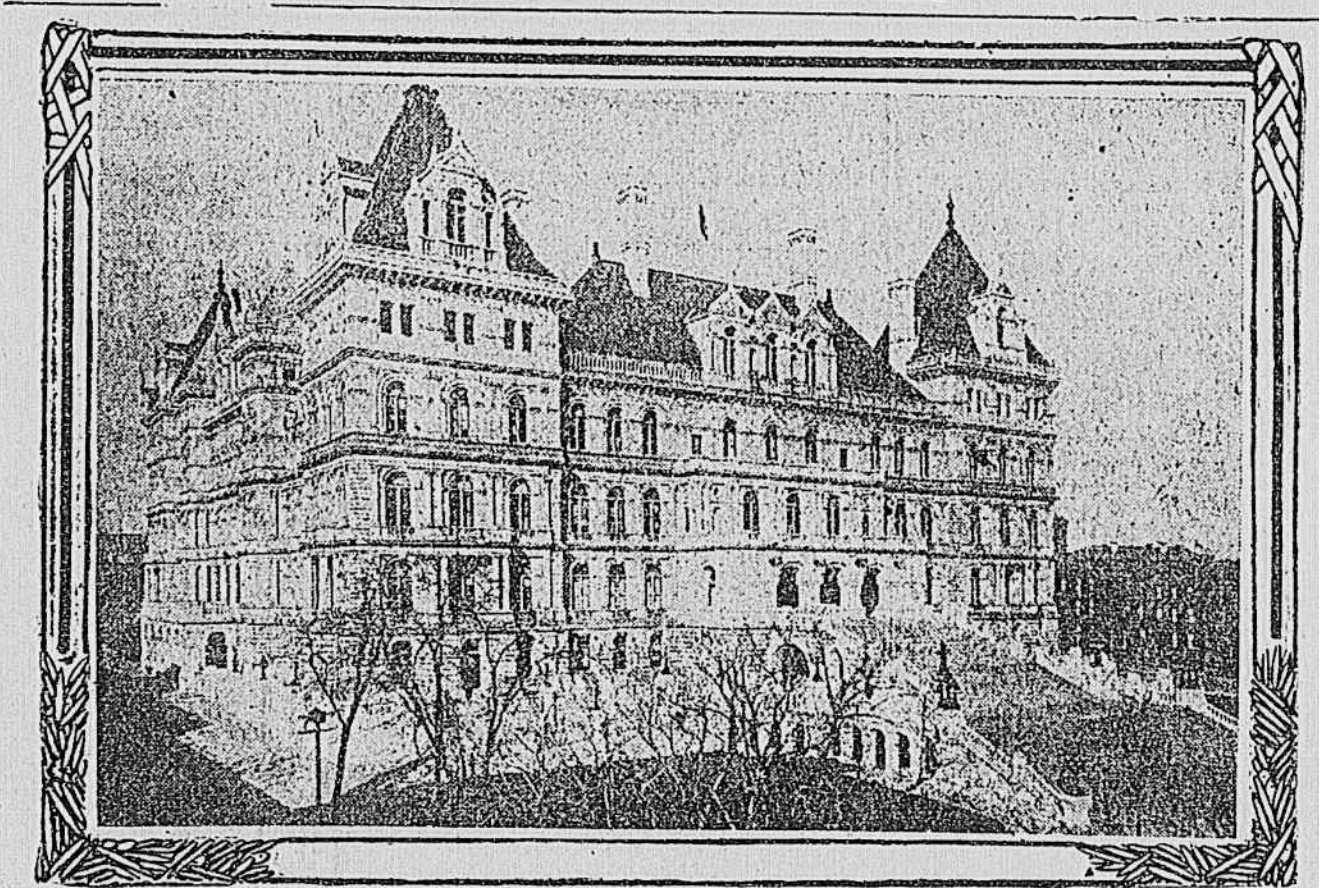
The State carried no insurance, as the side of the assembly hall, including the ceiling, has suffered a slight fire damage and considerable water damage. Many departments on the first and second floors in the western portion of the Capitol have suffered more from water damage than from actual fire. On account of the dangerous condition of some of the interior walls and dormers throughout the western section, it would be inadvisable to use the offices immediately thereunder."

Precious Fuel.

Most precious of the fuel the flames found in their path, were the twenty-three manuscript folio volumes of the famous official records of the Governors of the city of New Amsterdam covering

(Continued on Third Page.)

RUINED BY FLAMES



CAPITOL BUILDING AT ALBANY.

TRY TO DISCREDIT HIS REVELATIONS

Lawyers for Camorrist Hope to Trap Informer Abbatemaggio.

CONTINUES HIS STORY

Gives Further Details of Double Murder and Division of Money.

Viterbo, Italy, March 29.—Gennaro Abbatemaggio, the confessed Camorrist, continued his revelation at today's session of the trial of himself and thirty-five associates for the murder of Gennaro Cuocolo, and the latter's wife, the beautiful Sorrentina.

Strictly speaking, Abbatemaggio's "revelations" are nothing more than side lights in confirmation of his original story told to the authorities and published before the trial began. In his formal statement the informer told how Cuocolo had been murdered because he betrayed members of the Camorra, and also because there was jealousy of his increasing power on the part of Enrico Alfano the actual head of the body, and other leaders.

Cuocolo's wife was killed to conceal the first crime. Under the questioning of President Bianchi and aided by suggestions from Cavallero Santoro, the crown prosecutor, Abbatemaggio told incidents of the crime.

Asked about the \$200 which had been paid to the assassins of the Cuocolos, the informer replied that Alfano had divided the money, giving \$80 to the assassin, and the remainder to himself. Among the actual assassins, he named Matteo, one of the assassins, protested against the giving of so large a share to Abbatemaggio, who had not participated in the killings, but he was silenced with a wink from Alfano. Abbatemaggio saw the wink and understood its meaning.

Knew Their Secrets.

His associates were aware that he knew too many of their secrets and could betray them at any moment. Accordingly no sum of money was too great to pay for his silence until the opportunity came to put him out of the way as they had disposed of Cuocolo.

Abbatemaggio realized the feeling toward him, and this, together with a revival of honest impulses, induced him to make the first revelations, which were followed by a determination to tell all and so redeem himself.

Abbatemaggio's examination was interrupted to-day by Corrado Sortino, one of those alleged to have killed the Cuocolos, who asserted that the informer had declared that Sortino's brother was a member of the Camorra. Rising from his seat in the prisoners' cage, Sortino shouted:

Lie Passed in Court.

"You are a liar. My brother is one of the world's greatest sculptors. He lives in Paris, where he is the intimate of notables."

This gave excuse for a tumult, the other prisoners and their lawyers crying:

(Continued on Second Page.)

Of Interest to Fans

In the Sunday Magazine, which goes with every copy of The Times-Dispatch on that day, next Sunday there will be a special story which will delight the heart of every baseball fan. It will be an article prepared by Umpire Bill Evans, of Ban Johnson's staff, and he has many interesting things to say now just before the season opens. The cover for this special number will be a baseball design in colors. This is only one of the features of the great Sunday Times-Dispatch.

(Continued on Third Page.)

MONSTER FUNERAL DEMONSTRATION

Planned to Take Bodies of Fire Victims Throught Streets of City.

150,000 PEOPLE IN CORTEGE

Parade of Death to Be Headed by Seventy Singers of Choristers' Union.

New York, March 29.—Arrangements for a funeral demonstration in which 150,000 sympathizers will be asked to join, identification of four more bodies, leaving sixteen now unknown, the swelling of the relief fund to nearly \$50,000 and the effort of the district attorney's office and the fire marshal to fix the blame for the catastrophe, were activities which followed Saturday's fire horror to-day.

It is proposed to take the bodies of most of the 143 victims through the streets of the city Monday in a great funeral procession, headed by a chorus of seventy singers from the Jewish Choristers' Union, followed by the 600 surviving employees of the Triangle Waist Company and as many sympathizing workers as can be induced to join. It is suggested that the procession pass from the morgue by the Washington Place building, where the fire occurred.

Twenty-five survivors told their stories of the catastrophe to assistants in the district attorney's office to-day, and others appeared before the fire marshal.

Dianah Lufschitz told the district attorney that when the fire alarm was first given she signaled "Fire, fire" at Saturday's horror, and followed the funeral procession, headed by a chorus of seventy singers from the Jewish Choristers' Union, followed by the 600 surviving employees of the Triangle Waist Company and as many sympathizing workers as can be induced to join.

Jump from the Windows.

Demons of March 29, however, more of children were injured, none fatally, when they were forced to jump from windows of the Hill School building at the district attorney's office to-day, when fire was discovered in that structure. There were more than 400 pupils and teachers in the building at the time, but all made their escape. The fire started in the basement from the heating apparatus, and burned fiercely.

The building is occupied by the primary grades, and nothing prevented a heavy loss of life except the fact that the school windows were so close to the ground. The damage is estimated at \$2,000.

New Value of Fire Drill.

New York, March 29.—The value of the fire drill was demonstrated this afternoon when fire was discovered in public school No. 43, the Bronx. Although smoke was drifting through the building and the odor of burning wood and paper permeated the halls and cloak rooms, 2,500 little children responded to the fire drill signal, and in perfect order marched from the building, as they do several times each week. In two minutes all were on the street watching the firemen. The blaze did only trifling damage.

ALLEGED "PIRATES" RAIDED

Chicago Company Is Charged With Stealing Plays.

Chicago, March 29.—Federal secret service men to-day raided the offices of the Chicago Manuscript Company in La Salle Street, charging the concern with pirating copyrighted theatrical productions. Eighty girls—stenographers—working in the offices, were subpoenaed, each with the manuscript on which she was working.

Warrants were issued for Alexander Beyer, who is said to be the owner of the company, and for his wife, Mrs. Anna Beyer.

The raid followed complaint by Attorney Lignom Johnson, of New York, counsel for the National Association of Theatrical Producers, who charges that the company would send its stenographers to plays, have them take down the dialogue in shorthand while another noted the stage directions, and that copies of this manuscript would be sold far below the royalty price.

BIBLE STRONGEST BOND OF NATIONS

Greatest Single Guarantee for Peace and Progress of World.

MAY YET BANISH WAR

Premier Asquith and Ambassador Reid Use It as Arbitration Text.

London, March 29.—At a great meeting of churchmen and statesmen in Albert Hall this evening to celebrate the tercentenary of the revision of the English translation of the Bible by a commission which completed the so-called King James version in 1611, Premier Asquith and Whitehall Reid, the American ambassador, who were the principal speakers, seized the opportunity to eulogize the arbitration movement.

Asquith's interference with the proceedings, and when the Prime Minister began to speak they unfurled banners bearing the inscription, "Votes for women."

The banners were torn up after a free fight. In his address, Mr. Asquith said:

"The English Bible belongs not only to the subjects of King George, but to the whole English-speaking world. One of the truths which has been slowly realized, and which now I believe, is firmly rooted in the faith of Christian men and women on both sides of the Atlantic, is that we are all English-speaking people would be not only a crime against civilization, but an unforgivable breach of these few commandments which are enshrined in the New Testament, on which nations have been bred."

A Splendid Monument.

"There surely could not be a more worthy, a more appropriate, and a more splendid monument of this tercentenary year than that it should witness the sealing of a solemn pact between us, which would put an end once for all to the hideous and unthinkable possibilities of fratricidal strife."

Speaking of how the Bible furnished the strongest and most indestructible bond for practical unity in the aims and aspirations of the English-speaking family, Ambassador Reid said:

"A community of aims and aspirations endures, starting as it does from our common possession of this Book, and supported by the same language, the same common law, the same parliamentary institutions, the same civil rights and largely the same blood. It is the greatest single guarantee for the peace and progress of the world."

"In fact," continued the speaker, "from the men and from the peoples nurtured on the precepts of this Book, and mainly on this version, came the recent statesmanlike proposal of the President of the United States and the inspiring response of King George through Sir Edward Grey, which promise to make war as a settlement of any dispute henceforth between any English-speaking peoples impossible, and between any other civilized nations discreditably."

The ambassador concluded by reading President Taft's letter.

CROSS BILL IS FILED

Mrs. Emmet Emerson Charges Deserter and Abandonment.

Baltimore, Md., March 29.—A cross-bill for absolute divorce was filed in the Circuit Court here to-day by Mrs. Emmet Emerson against Captain Isaac E. Emerson, charging desertion and abandonment. Mrs. Emerson says that she and Captain Emerson have not lived together as man and wife since 1904, when the alleged abandonment is said to have begun.

In January last Captain Emerson entered suit for absolute divorce from his wife. Recently Mrs. Emerson filed her answer, denying his charges of marital unfaithfulness.

JUDGE KENYON NAMED

Nominate in Caucus as Candidate to Succeed Senator Dolliver.

Des Moines, Ia., March 29.—At a caucus of sixty out of the 104 Republican members of the Iowa Legislature to-night, Judge W. S. Kenyon was nominated as the Republican party candidate for United States Senator to succeed Senator Dolliver.

JONES BEGINS HIS FIGHT FOR SENATE

Makes Opening Speech in Campaign at Norfolk.

ROUNDLY SCORES SENATOR MARTIN

Makes Many Bitter Thrusts at Opponent in Race, Branding Him as "Evil Genius of Non-est Politics"—His Audience Is Not Enthusiastic.

[Special From a Staff Correspondent.]
Norfolk, Va., March 29.—Before an audience that nearly filled the lower floor of the Academy of Music, Hon. William Atkinson Jones to-night opened his campaign in his struggle against Senator Thomas S. Martin for a seat in the United States Senate.

It was not an enthusiastic throng which faced Mr. Jones, for the applause of the most part from those who tried and true reformers who sat in solid phalanx upon the stage. But twice did the insurgents really surge, once when Mr. Jones stood up to speak and again when the representative from the First District, rising to heights of eloquence, declared: "If I knew that I would suffer greater defeat than Tucker or Montague or Willard, I would still fight for the people and the State I love." This sentiment provoked a storm of applause which lasted for nearly half a minute.

Humor Proves Felt.

Word had been passed around that the meeting, as far as strong speech and denunciations were concerned, would be of the dignified variety, but the rumor was false, for not once, but a dozen times, did Mr. Jones score the charges of "ring rule," "boss domination" and "the yoke of the despot." He named Senator Martin time and again, branding him as the "evil genius of non-est politics," declaring that "he is the friend and protector of the petty bosses, the ally of those in power, Democrats and Republicans alike, the man who has moved the capitol of Virginia from Richmond to Washington, the man whose authority whose O. K. must be stamped upon the backs of those supplicants who enjoy State offices."

Not once was the name of Senator Swanson or of Representative Glass mentioned, nor was the question of local option or of State-wide prohibition touched.

For the greater part of the hour and half he spoke. Mr. Jones defended his vote for the so-called ship subsidy measure, and fired shot into the record of Senator Martin, who, he declared, had evaded the question and had never failed to come into the open.

While he affirmed that he is and has always been opposed to ship subsidy, and while he glowing words the great benefits which would be derived from this section were the merchant marine of America again to take its foremost place in the rich commerce of the world.

Thrusts at Martin.

Here are a few of the thrusts which he launched at the senior Senator: "Ninety-five per cent. of the officials of the State of Virginia will vote for Senator Martin. Does not this make you the most popular man in the State? Turn out of office the man who is the head and front of the machine."

In speaking of the Ocean View speech made by Senator Martin when he declared he was proud to be a friend of the bosses, Mr. Jones said: "The man who uttered such a sentiment is not right to be a Senator of the United States."

"The News Leader, which is now such a warm friend of Senator Martin, declared that he had voted for the ship subsidy bill, with the exception of two Senators from Louisiana," he continued.

"I have entered this fight for war, and while my record is subject to criticism, I will see that the people of this State learn the real record of Senator Martin."

"After declaring that Senator Martin 'dodged' a vote on the ship subsidy bill and that he was a 'dead man,' meaning Senator Cullom, of Illinois, who was ill, Mr. Jones declared, 'I never dodged a vote in my life.'"

"I challenge Senator Martin to meet me anywhere in the State before any audience to discuss the ship subsidy bill."

Has the Proofs.

In relating a speech made in Kansas City, in which a United States Senator declared that the three most corrupt States in the Union were Pennsylvania, Ohio and Virginia, Mr. Jones added, "I do not care to defame the good name of my State, but if proof is demanded, I will prove facts that are known to every decent man in Virginia."

Storm Is Gathering.

A great public storm is gathering, and it will not be long before it bursts.

"Will Virginia wear the yoke of despotism? Do you hate ring rule? Do you despise to wear the collar of a boss? Will you submit to the miserable, selfish, corrupt organization which is administering your affairs?"

can name the man who has brought this about? Martin is a man who does things, so his creatures say I do not despise material things, but I say he should stay in Washington and attend to the affairs of his constituents and keep his hands off the local affairs of the State."

These are a few of the stings of Mr. Jones's attack, but from the beginning to the end he directly or indirectly charged that Senator Martin had dodged, sidestepped, remained dumb or had climbed upon the fence when important matters were before the Senate. He charged that the money appropriated for the improvement of Norfolk harbor and James River was not secured by Senator Martin, but by Martin, but by Maynard, Lamb and himself. Indeed, he asserted that Senator Martin failed to add a dollar to the appropriation when the bill reached the Senate, although other Senators